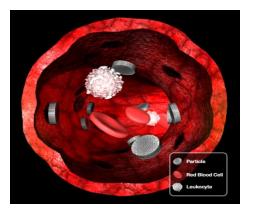


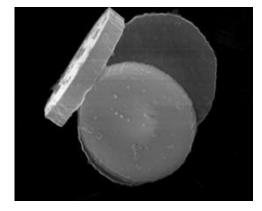
A Revolution in the Treatment of Metastatic Cancer

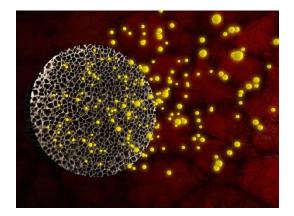
October, 2013 Steve Klemm, Chief Scientific Officer sklemm@leonardobiosystems.com

Leonardo's Platform is Unique LEONARDO

The Multistage Vector (MSV) Drug Delivery System







First stage silicon particles concentrate in primary and metastatic tumor sites and release large amounts of second stage particles with Active Ingredients

Release rate of second stage particle is controllable from days to weeks

Second stage design optimized for local action



- Determine Unmet Market Needs
- Identify Critical Product Attributes
- Identify Key Regulatory Requirements
- Map "Complete" Process Flow
- Determine Critical Process Parameters (CPC)
- Identify Key Scale Up risks for "Practical Process"
- Develop Reproducible Pilot Scale Results!!!
- Establish a "Clear Commercial Path"

Dramatic Gains in Metastatic Cancer Therapeutic Index



Redefines how we attack metastatic cancer:

- Concentrates therapeutic agents at metastatic target sites
- Significant reduction in systemic toxicity effects
- Capacity to carry 800 times the payload to target site
- Flexibility to deliver new RNAi payloads past natural defenses
- Ability to sustain localized drug release for several weeks
- Higher localized concentrations proven effective on therapy resistant cancer cells

Improved late stage metastatic cancer outcomes

Extensive Pipeline Opportunities



	Discovery	Development	Preclinical	Phase 1
Oncology				
Triple Negative Breast Cancer		\rightarrow		
Ovarian Cancer		\rightarrow		
Bone Cancer				
Tissue Targeting				
Lung Metastasis				
Pancreatic Cancer	$ \rightarrow $			
Bone Metastasis	$ \rightarrow $			
Established Payloads				
Small Molecule drugs		\rightarrow		
siRNA therapeutics		\rightarrow		
Thermo Nano Shells	\triangleright			



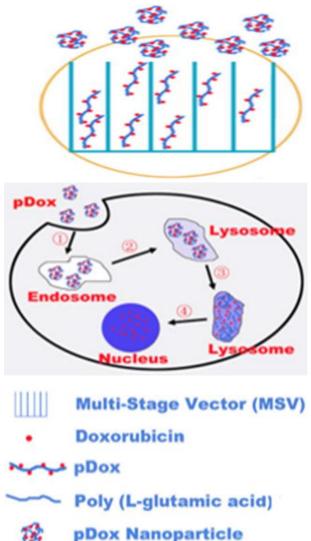
Identify Critical Product Attributes

- Effective Treatment of Metastatic Cancer!!!
- Particle Size/Shape
- Particle Surface Charge
- Drug Assay and Impurity Profile
- Drug Release Rate
- Sterility
- Stability

Data on metastatic TNBC Drives Selection for Lead Product: pDox

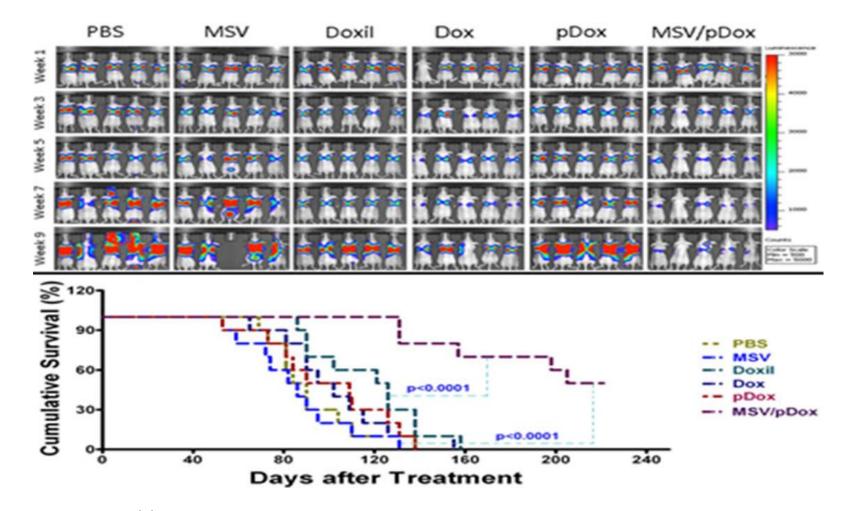
LEONARDO BIOSYSTEMS

- Doxorubicin is a broad spectrum anticancer molecule currently limited by severe toxicity
- When attached to glutamic acid polymers, circulating doxorubicin is systemically inert and safely cleared
- When loaded into MSVs it is concentrated at tumor sites
- Locally released pDox particles are taken up by tumor and free Dox released to kill the tumor



50% Overall Survival Achieved in metastatic Triple Negative MDA-MB-231Animal Studies





Top: Lung metastasis progression monitored with Xenogen IVIS system Bottom: Kaplan-Meier plot showing 50% Overall survival of MSV/pDox group

Shen, H et al, Manuscript in review

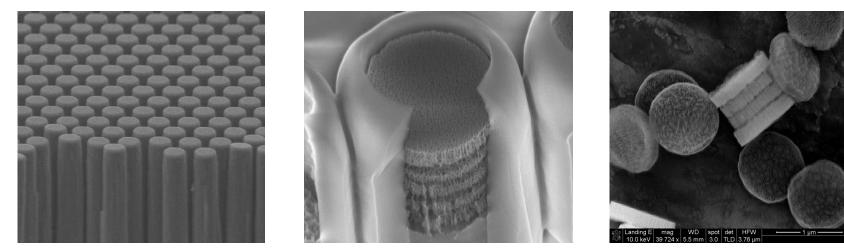
Map "Complete" Process Flow



- Mfg MSV First Stage particles
- Surface Modify MSV particles
- Mfg pDox Second Stage particles
- Load pDox particles in to MSV particles
- Fill and Dry Finished Product
- Test and Release Finished Product
- Reconstitute and Inject Finished Product

MSV First Stage Manufacturing: Breakthrough Achieved

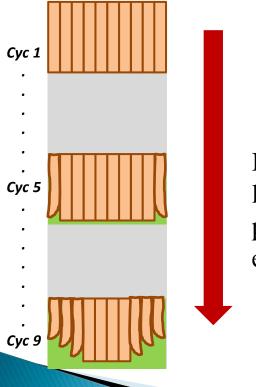




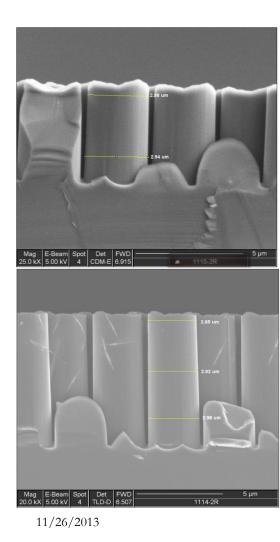
- Starting materials are high purity silicon wafers- forming particles with consistent size, shape, and porosity – Lab scale to Commercial Fab!
- > Original single layer process (1 bb/wafer) evolved to a high density, multi-layer system (160 bb/wafer) to achieve capacity and cost targets
- System has been successfully scaled up and conversion to cGMP operations is underway
- Process has one patent issued and others pending

Overcoming Multilayer Scale Up Challenge

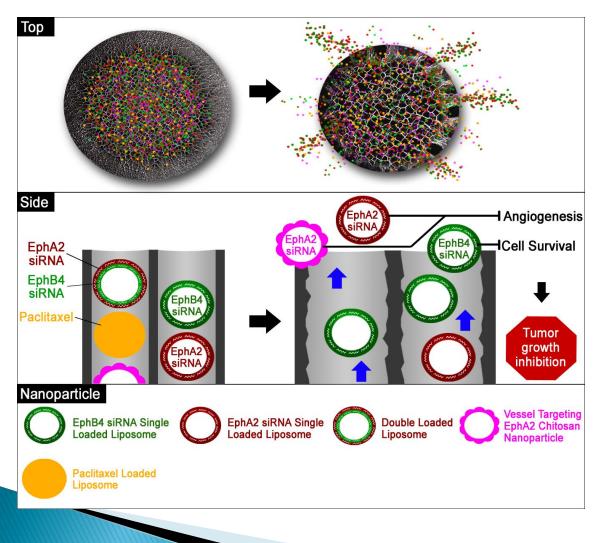
- LEONARDO BIOSYSTEMS
- Etching depth- aspect ratio challenge
- Annodization depth- flux control



Increase in depth *'I*', leads to difference of potential drop of the electrolyte



MSV First Stage Active Loading: Breakthrough Achieved



Surface charge of First Stage optimized to target inflamed tissues to concentrate particles

Surface charge of Second Stage optimized to be compatible with target site cellular penetration

Loading solvent charge optimized to make both Stages "compatible" and allow efficient loading



Regulatory Considerations

- ICH Q8- Quality by Design (QbD)
 - "A systematic approach to development that begins with predefined objectives and emphasizes product and process understanding and process control, based on sound science and quality risk management"
 - Defined Target Product Profile
 - Designed product and processes
 - ID critical attributes and Design Space
 - Develop adequate manufacturing process controls



Regulatory Considerations

- FDA- 505.b(2)
- Establish QC Functions
- Establish cGMP Facility and Equipment
- Control of Components, Containers, and Labeling
- Lab and Manufacturing Controls/Records
- Sterility
- GLP Toxicity Studies
 - Immunotoxicity
 - Acute Toxicity
 - Repeated treatment Toxicity
 - Cardiovascular and Respiratory Safety
- Stability



Key pDox Scale Up Factors

- Initial lab batches produced -100 mg
 - Utilized dangerous solvents at high levels
 - Took 4 days to complete once batch
- Pilot Scale 10 grams 100x scale up limit
 - Utilized less flammable solvents
 - Reduced solvent use by 5x (1 truckload to 55 gal)
 - Reduced batch time to 2 days
 - Reduced cost/gram by factor of 30
- Production Scale 1 kg– 100x scale up limit
 - Heat transfer controls required due to surface area
 - Aseptic controls required for cGMP testing

The Final Plan!!!



		Total						1		Q2			Q3			Q4			Q5			Q6			Q7				Q8			Q9			Q10	
	Activities	Checks	Start	Finisł	Duration																															
		Cost	Week	s			1	2	3 4	1	5 6	5 7	8	9	10	11	12	2 13	14	15	16	17	18	3 19	2	0	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	7 28	29	Э
) Optimizat	ion Phase																																			
	Leonardo Lab Set Up	208	0	12	12 wks	20	8																													
1,868.0	cGLP Particles from NMS	460	0	8	12 wks	3	<mark>5</mark> 2	25 2	5 25	5 2	5 325	5																								
	Wafers from SVCT	1000			8 wks	100	0																													
204	pDox Process optimization - MRI	40	0	12	12 wks	1	0 1	10 10	0 10)																										
	pDox Materials	4					4																													
	MSV Surface Treatment opt - MRI	20	4	12	8 wks			10	0 10)																										
	Clean Room for ST optimization	200			16 wk	20	0																													
	MRI Sponsored Research	144				1	2 1	12 1	2 12	2 1	2 12	12	12	12	12	12	12	2																		
	Analytical Methods for pDox	40		16	8 wks			2																												
	Test Methods for MSV/pDox Product	60			12 wks				0 20		0																									t
	Microbial Methods (Micload/EU)	40			8 wks				20																											t
	Sub Total	2,216.0								1																										t
	urcing Phase	_,0.0					-																			-	+							-		1
	Contract with cGMP CMO Sources	10			4 wks		-	10	0			-															+									t
	MSV Supply with ST	0			12 wks		-	-	-)	0 0	1															-									+
	pDox cGMP Supply	120			12 wks		-		- 40		0 40																-									+
	pDoxMaterials	120			12 11 13		+	-	40		- 40	, 40					100	,						-		-	+									t
	MSV/pDox loading process	180			12 wks		-	-	40		0 40						100	,						-		-	+									⊢
		320			20 wks				40		0 40		_	40			40) 40									-									+
	MSV/pDox fill/dry/finish process Method Transfer and Validations	80			20 wks 8 wks			_	4(<mark>)</mark> 4	0 40	40					40	9 40								_										÷
	Tox Finished Product test/release	40			2 wks			_				40	40	20						20							-									+
		40 60					-	_	-	-	-			20		20	20	,		20						_	_									+
	Product Stability program				16 wks			_	-	-	-				20	20	20	,		20												20				
	Long Term Stability program	80			120 wks			_				-								30											-	30				-
	Sub Total	1,010.0																								-										_
		Cost		```	Weeks		1	2	3 4	1	5 6	5 7	8	9	10	11	12	2 13	14	15	16	17	18	3 19	2	0	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	7 28	29	'
Pre-Clinic							_	_																		_	_									-
	Analytical Methods for Animal Species				6 wks		_	_				-	30	30										_		_	_									-
	ID and contract Tox Study CRO	0			4wks		_	_																		_	_									_
	Request Pre-IND Meeting	0			8wks		_	_	_		_	_														_	_									-
	Assemble Pre-IND package	10			8 wk		_	_				_	5													_	_									_
	FDA Pre-IND Meeting	12	_		1 day		_	_						12	_											_	_									-
	Dose Ranging Study - Rat and Dog	50			4 wks		_	_							50											_										
	Ex vivo Hemocompatability	20			8-12 wks											20																				
	Small Animial Tox- Rat	180			8-12 wks											180																				
	Large Animal Tox- Beagle	400			8-12 wks											400																				
	Prepare IND Submission	70			12 wks												20) 20	30																	
	Prepare IRB Package	0			2 wks																															
	FDA IND Update Meeting	5			1 wks														5																	
	IND Filed and approved by FDA	0			4 wks																															
	Sub Total	807.0																																		
		Cost		Ν.	Weeks		1	2	3 4	1	5 6	5 7	8	9	10	11	12	2 13	14	15	16	17	18	3 19	2	0	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	7 28	29	ł
Clinical Ph	nase- Phase 1 Trial																																			
212	Select and Contract CRO's	150			4 wks											150																				
312		25			4 wks																25															
	Obtain IRB Approvals						-	-			-										30.5	30.5	30.5	5 30.5	30.	5 30	15	30.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	20 F	20.5	20 5	30.5	;
	Recruit patients (Rolling 3 site study)	640.5			12-56wks																									30.5	30.5	50.5	30.5	30.5		
1,140.5	Recruit patients (Rolling 3 site study)	640.5		:																		25	25					25								
1,140.5	Recruit patients (Rolling 3 site study) Dosing phase (Every 3 wks- 8 max)	640.5 500			24 wks																	25					25		25							
1,140.5	Recruit patients (Rolling 3 site study)	640.5																				25														



Ready to Move to the Clinic

- Initiating Pre-Clinical Tox Studies
- Capital Requirements Delivers completed Phase I trial
 - \$10 million Series A round- Funds through year 3
 - cGMP scale up of manufacturing systems
 - Phase I Clinical Study completed
 - Second program Phase I ready
 - Capital sparing infrastructure supports ongoing product development